REPORT OF THE AUDIT OF THE ROCKCASTLE COUNTY FISCAL COURT

For The Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2007



CRIT LUALLEN AUDITOR OF PUBLIC ACCOUNTS

www.auditor.ky.gov

105 SEA HERO ROAD, SUITE 2 FRANKFORT, KY 40601-5404 TELEPHONE (502) 573-0050 FACSIMILE (502) 573-0067

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

AUDIT EXAMINATION OF THE ROCKCASTLE COUNTY FISCAL COURT

June 30, 2007

Christian, Sturgeon & Associates, PSC has completed the audit of the Rockcastle County Fiscal Court for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2007.

We have issued unqualified opinions on the governmental activities, business-type activities, each major fund, and aggregate remaining fund information.

Financial Conditions:

The Fiscal Court had total net assets of \$5,230,682 as of June 30, 2007. In its Governmental Activities the Fiscal Court had unrestricted net assets of \$539,727 as of June 30, 2007, with total net assets of \$5,035,864. Total net cash and cash equivalents for the business-type activities were \$123,528.

Report Comments:

2007-01	The County Lacks Adequate Segregation Of Duties
2007-02	The County Should Promptly Mail All Checks When Issued
2007-03	The County Should Maintain Minimum Balance In Their Payroll Account
2007-04	The County Should Pay Invoices Within 30 Working Days
2007-05	The County Should Properly Account For Encumbrances
2007-06	The County Should Budget For All Expenditures

Deposits:

The fiscal court's deposits were insured and collateralized by bank securities.

PAGE

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT	1
ROCKCASTLE COUNTY OFFICIALS	3
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS	4
STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS	15
STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES - MODIFIED CASH BASIS	18
BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS	22
STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS	26
RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF	
GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES - MODIFIED CASH BASIS	
STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS - PROPRIETARY FUND - MODIFIED CASH BASIS	35
STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET ASSETS - PROPRIETARY FUND - MODIFIED CASH BASIS	39
STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS - PROPRIETARY FUND - MODIFIED CASH BASIS	43
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	45
BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULES	63
NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION	66
Combining Balance Sheet - Non-Major Governmental Funds - Modified Cash Basis	68
COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS	72
REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	
PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS	
COMMENTS AND RECOMMENDATIONS	81
APPENDIX A:	

CERTIFICATION OF COMPLIANCE - LOCAL GOVERNMENT ECONOMIC ASSISTANCE PROGRAM

CHRISTIAN, STURGEON & ASSOCIATES, PSC

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS 1075 EAST FOURTH STREET P.O. BOX 901 LONDON, KENTUCKY 40743-0901

> TELEPHONE (606) 878-0861 FAX (606) 864-3003

To the People of Kentucky
Honorable Steven L. Beshear, Governor
Jonathan Miller, Secretary
Finance and Administration Cabinet
Honorable George (Buzz) Carloftis, Rockcastle County Judge/Executive
Members of the Rockcastle County Fiscal Court

Independent Auditor's Report

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Rockcastle County, Kentucky, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2007, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements, as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Rockcastle County Fiscal Court. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, the standards applicable to financial audits contained in <u>Government Auditing Standards</u> issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, and the <u>Audit Guide for Fiscal Court Audits</u> issued by the Auditor of Public Accounts, Commonwealth of Kentucky. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

As described in Note 1, Rockcastle County, Kentucky, prepares its financial statements on a prescribed basis of accounting that demonstrates compliance with the modified cash basis, which is a comprehensive basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Rockcastle County, Kentucky, as of June 30, 2007, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in conformity with the basis of accounting described in Note 1.

The management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison information on pages 4-11 and 53-55, respectively, are not a required part of the basic financial statements but are supplementary information required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

To the People of Kentucky
Honorable Steven L. Beshear, Governor
Jonathan Miller, Secretary
Finance and Administration Cabinet
Honorable George (Buzz) Carloftis, Rockcastle County Judge/Executive
Members of the Rockcastle County Fiscal Court

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise Rockcastle County, Kentucky's basic financial statements. The accompanying supplementary information, combining fund financial statements, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The combining fund financial statements have been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

In accordance with <u>Government Auditing Standards</u>, we have also issued our report dated October 28, 2008, on our consideration of Rockcastle County, Kentucky's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with <u>Government Auditing Standards</u> and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

Based on the results of our audit, we present the accompanying comments and recommendations, included herein, which discusses the following report comments:

2007-01 The County Should Pay Invoices Within 30 Working Days
 2007-02 The County Should Promptly Mail All Checks When Issued
 2007-03 The County Should Maintain Minimum Balance In Their Payroll Account
 2007-04 The County Should Properly Account For Encumbrances
 2007-05 The County Lacks Adequate Segregation Of Duties
 2007-06 The County Should Budget For All Expenditures

Respectfully submitted,

Christian, Sturgeon & Associates, PSC

October 28, 2008

ROCKCASTLE COUNTY OFFICIALS

For The Year Ended June 30, 2007

Fiscal Court Members:

George "Buzz" Carloftis County Judge/Executive

John Holbrook Magistrate
Billy R. McKinney Magistrate
Jan Stevens Magistrate
Ralph Allen Magistrate
William Denny Magistrate

Other Elected Officials:

William D. Reynolds County Attorney

James E. Miller Jailer

Norma Houk County Clerk

Teresa Vanzant Circuit Court Clerk

Mike Peters Sheriff

Magaret Offutt Property Valuation Administrator

Billy Dowell Coroner

Appointed Personnel:

Joseph B. Clontz County Treasurer
Patricia Martin Finance Officer

George "Buzz" Carloftis

Office of the County Judge P.O. Box 755 Mt. Vernon, Kentucky 40456 (606) 256-2856 RockcastleCountyKy.com

Management's Discussion and Analysis June 30, 2007

The financial management of Rockcastle County, Kentucky offers readers of Rockcastle County's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of Rockcastle County for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2007. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with other information that we have furnished in our letter of transmission and the notes to the financial statements.

Financial Highlights

- Rockcastle County had net assets of \$5,230,682 as of June 30, 2007. The fiscal court had unrestricted net assets of \$539,727 in the governmental activities as of June 30, 2007. In the business-type activities, cash and cash equivalent were \$123,528 with total assets of \$194,818.
- The governmental activities total net assets increased by \$769,120 from the prior year. This increase is primarily due to capital contributions received from the Rockcastle County Sheriff's Department.
- At the close of the current fiscal year, Rockcastle County governmental activities reported current assets of \$524,319.
- Rockcastle County's total indebtedness at the close of fiscal year June 30, 2007 was \$3,238,918, of which \$2,774,287 is noncurrent debt (due after 1 year) and \$464,631 is current debt (to be paid within one year). Debt increased \$83,247 for the year. This increase was due to long-term debt agreements entered into by the County.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This management discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to Rockcastle County's basic financial statements. Rockcastle County's basic financial statements are comprised of three components: 1) government wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 34, Basic Financial Statements - and Management's Discussion and Analysis - for State and Local Governments, requires management to include certain condensed financial information derived from government-wide financial statements comparing the current year to the prior year. The comparative information includes current and prior year comparisons of program and general revenues by major source, and program expenses by function.

Government-wide Financial Statements. The *government-wide financial statements* are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of Rockcastle County's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The Statement of Net Assets presents information on all of Rockcastle County's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net assets. Over time, increases or decreases in net assets may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of Rockcastle County is improving or deteriorating.

The *Statement of Activities* presents information showing how the government's net assets changed during the fiscal year. All changes in net assets are reported on a modified cash basis of accounting. Basis of accounting is a reference to when financial events are recorded, such as timing for recognizing revenues, expenses, and related assets and liabilities.

Under the County's modified cash basis of accounting, revenues and expenses and related assets and liabilities are recorded when they result from a cash transaction, except for the recording of depreciation expenses on capital assets in the government-wide financial statements for all activities and in the fund financial statements for the proprietary fund financial statements.

As a result of the use of the modified cash basis of accounting, certain assets and their related revenues (such as amounts billed for services provided, but not collected) and accounts payable (expenses for goods and services received but not paid) or compensated absences are not recorded.

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the County that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (*governmental activities*) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (*business-type activities*). Rockcastle County's governmental activities include general government, protection to persons and property, roads, recreation, social services, debt service, capital projects, and administration. Rockcastle County has one business type activity – Jail Canteen.

Fund Financial Statements. A *fund* is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. Rockcastle County, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of Rockcastle County can be divided into broad categories: *governmental funds and proprietary funds*.

Governmental Funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on current inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's current financing requirements.

Governmental Funds (Continued)

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for *governmental funds* with similar information presented for *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's current financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between *governmental funds* and *governmental activities*.

Rockcastle County maintains (12) twelve individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances.

Major Funds:

- General Fund
- Road Fund
- Jail Fund
- Public Properties Corporation Fund

Non-major Funds:

- Forestry Fund
- Local Government Economic Assistance Fund
- 911 Fund
- Economic Development Fund
- Chemical Stockpile Emergency Preparedness Program Fund
- Fairgrounds Fund
- WMD Fund
- LECP Fund

Rockcastle County adopts an annual appropriated budget. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the General Fund, Road Fund, and Jail Fund to demonstrate compliance with their budgets.

Proprietary Funds. Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The proprietary fund financial statements provide separate information for the Jail Canteen Fund.

Financial Analysis of the County as a Whole

Net Assets. As noted earlier, net assets may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position.

Table 1
Rockcastle County's Net Assets

	Govern Activ	ımental zities		ss-Type vities	To	otal
	2006	2007	2006	2007	2006	2007
Assets						
Current and						
other assets	\$ 907,966	\$ 524,319	\$ 109,632	\$ 123,273	\$ 1,017,598	\$ 647,592
Capital assets	6,833,450	7,775,721	69,285	71,545	6,902,735	7,847,266
Total Assets	7,741,416	8,300,040	178,917	194,818	7,920,333	8,494,858
Liabilities						
Current and						
other liabilities	690,753	489,889			690,753	489,889
Long-term liabilities	2,783,919	2,774,287			2,783,919	2,774,287
Total Liabilities	3,474,672	3,264,176			3,474,672	3,264,176
Net Assets						
Invested in capital assets, net of related						
debt	3,578,251	4,251,840	69,285	71,545	3,647,536	4,323,385
Restricted for debt						
service		244,297				244,297
Unrestricted	688,493	539,727	109,632	123,273	798,125	663,000
Total Net Assets	\$ 4,266,744	\$ 5,035,864	\$ 178,917	\$ 194,818	\$ 4,445,661	\$ 5,230,682

The largest portion of the County's net assets reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land and improvements, buildings and improvements, vehicles, furniture and equipment, and infrastructure), less any related debt used to acquire those assets that are still outstanding. The County uses these capital assets to provide services; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the County's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

Table 2
Rockcastle County's Changes in Net Assets

	Governmental			ss-Type	Total		
	2006	2007	2006	vities 2007	2006	2007	
Program Revenues	2000	2007	2000	2007	2000	2007	
Charges for							
Services	\$ 817,606	\$ 740,477	\$ 136,226	\$ 101,522	\$ 953,832	\$ 841,999	
Operating Grants and	\$ 617,000	ψ /+0,+//	ψ 150,220	Ψ 101,322	ψ	Ψ 0+1,222	
Contributions	2,223,414	2,474,838			2,223,414	2,474,838	
Capital Grants and	2,223,111	2,171,000			2,220,111	2,171,000	
Contributions	15,486	138,408			15,486	138,408	
General Revenues							
Taxes	979,635	1,276,279			979,635	1,276,279	
Miscellaneous							
and Other	162,820	253,515	285	531	163,105	254,046	
Total Revenue	4,198,961	4,883,517	136,511	102,053	4,335,472	4,985,570	
Expenses							
General							
Government	1,355,484	1,145,732			1,355,484	1,145,732	
Protection to Persons	, ,	, ,			, ,	, ,	
and Property	1,064,476	1,277,471			1,064,476	1,277,471	
General Health							
and Sanitation	112,983	303,128			112,983	303,128	
Social Services	18,130	10,545			18,130	10,545	
Recreation and							
Culture	39,965	21,617			39,965	21,617	
Roads	474,536	520,264			474,536	520,264	
Interest on Long-							
term Debt	201,223	313,041			201,223	313,041	
Administration		522,599				522,599	
Jail Canteen			113,412	86,152	113,412	86,152	
Total Expenses	3,266,797	4,114,397	113,412	86,152	3,380,209	4,200,549	
Change In Net Assets	932,164	769,120	23,099	15,901	955,263	785,021	
Net Assets - Beginning	3,334,580	4,266,744	155,818	178,917	3,490,398	4,445,661	
Net Assets - Ending	\$ 4,266,744	\$ 5,035,864	\$ 178,917	\$ 194,818	\$ 4,445,661	\$ 5,230,682	

Financial Analysis of the County's Funds

As noted earlier, Rockcastle County uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related requirements.

Governmental Funds Overview. The focus of Rockcastle County governmental funds is to provide information on current inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the County's financing requirements. In particular, unreserved fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of the end of June 30, 2007 fiscal year, the combined ending fund balances of County governmental funds were \$479,150. All \$479,150 of this consists of unreserved fund balances, which are available as working capital and for current spending in accordance with the purposes of the specific funds.

The County has (4) four major and (8) eight non-major governmental funds, as list on page 6.

- 1. The General Fund is the chief operating fund of Rockcastle County. At the end of the June 30, 2007 fiscal year, unreserved fund balance of the General Fund was \$67,163. The General Fund receipted \$871,854 in real and personal property, motor vehicle, and other taxes for approximately 54% of the County's general fund revenues.
- 2. The Road Fund is the fund related to County road and bridge construction and maintenance. The Road Fund had a \$75,342 fund balance at June 30, 2007. The fiscal year 2007 expenditures for Road Fund were \$1,791,721.
- 3. The Jail Fund is used to account for the operation of the County's detention program. The Jail Fund had a deficit balance at June 30, 2007 of \$7,899. The Jail Fund received \$1,653,977 from intergovernmental agencies, primarily for housing prisoners.
- 4. The Public Properties Corporation Fund had a fund balance of \$244,297 as of June 30, 2007. This fund is used to account for debt service requirements of the County.
- 5. The 911 Fund at the end of June 30, 2007 fiscal year, had a fund balance of \$10,434.
- 6. The WMD Fund at the end of June 30, 2007, had a fund balance of \$1,665.
- 7. The Local Governments Economic Assistance Fund had a balance of \$42,767 as of June 30, 2007.

Financial Analysis of the County's Funds (Continued)

Governmental Funds Overview (Continued)

- 8. The Forestry Fund had a balance of \$543 as of June 30, 2007 and is used to account for forest fire tax receipts. Expenditures of \$2,596 were spent for protection to persons and property.
- 9. The Local Government Economic Development Fund had a fund balance of \$24,687 as of June 30, 2007.
- 10. The Chemical Stockpile Emergency Preparedness Program Fund received intergovernmental funds of \$98,098 and expended \$96,902 for protections to persons and property and fringe benefits. The CSEPP Fund had a fund balance of \$10,954 as of June 30, 2007.
- 11. The Fairgrounds Fund had a fund balance of \$7,233 as of June 30, 2007.
- 12. The LECP Fund had a balance of \$1,964 as of June 30, 2007.

Proprietary Funds Overview. The County's proprietary fund statements provide the same type of information found in the government-wide statements, but in more detail.

Rockcastle County has one (1) enterprise proprietary fund, it is:

• Jail Canteen Fund

The Jail Canteen Fund's unrestricted net assets at the end of June 30, 2007 fiscal year, amounted to \$194,818 which also totaled net assets.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

Rockcastle County's General Fund budget was amended during the fiscal year increasing the budgeted amount to \$1,800,192. Budget amendments were made to various expenditures due to increases in intergovernmental revenue, surplus cash carried forward, and an increase in actual tax revenue.

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital Assets. Rockcastle County's investment in capital assets for its government and business type activities as of June 30, 2007, amount to \$7,714,740 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings, improvements to land other than buildings, furniture and equipment, vehicles and current infrastructure additions. Rockcastle County has elected to report infrastructure assets per GASB 34 provisions.

Additional information on the County's capital assets can be found in Note 6 of this report.

Capital Assets and Debt Administration (Continued)

Table 3

Rockcastle County's Capital Assets, Net of Accumulated Depreciation

		ıme ntal vitie s		ss-Type vities	To	otal
	2006	2007	2006	2007	2006	2007
Infrastructure						
Assets	\$ 1,339,522	\$ 2,205,497	\$	\$	\$ 1,339,522	\$ 2,205,497
Land	410,000	410,000			410,000	410,000
Land						
Improvements	12,847	11,692			12,847	11,692
Buildings and						
Improvements	3,989,132	3,917,284			3,989,132	3,917,284
Furniture and						
Equipment	632,141	700,130	9,336	13,754	641,477	713,884
Vehicles	297,370	398,592	59,949	57,791	357,319	456,383
Total Net Capital						
Assets	\$ 6,681,012	\$ 7,643,195	\$ 69,285	\$ 71,545	\$ 6,750,297	\$ 7,714,740

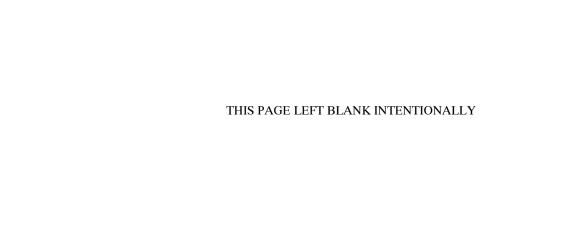
Long-Term Debt. At the end of the 2007 fiscal year, Rockcastle County had total bonded debt and capital leases outstanding of \$3,238,918. Additional information on the County's debt can be found in Notes 7, 8, and 9 of this report.

Other Matters. The following factors are expected to have a significant effect on the County's financial position or results of operations and were taken into account in developing the 2008 fiscal year budget:

- The 2008 fiscal year adopted budget continues most services at current levels.
- Program cuts at the State level, particularly relating to the cost of housing prisoners, may have a negative impact on funding for county programs.
- The County enacted a 1 ½ % occupational tax effective July 1, 2008.

Requests For Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of Rockcastle County's finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided herein or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Rockcastle County Treasurer, P.O. Box 755, Mt. Vernon, KY 40456.



ROCKCASTLE COUNTY STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

June 30, 2007

ROCKCASTLE COUNTY STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

June 30, 2007

	Primary Government					
	Governmental			iness-Type		
	A	ctivities	Activities		Totals	
ASSETS				_		
Current Assets:						
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	504,153	\$	123,528	\$	627,681
Notes Receivable Due						
Within One Year		19,911				19,911
Internal Balances		255		(255)		
Total Current Assets		524,319		123,273		647,592
Noncurrent Assets:						
Notes Receivable Due In						
More Than One Year		132,526				132,526
Capital Assets - Net of Accumulated						
Depreciation						
Land		410,000				410,000
Land Improvements		11,692				11,692
Buildings and Improvements		3,917,284				3,917,284
Furniture and Equipment		700,130		13,754		713,884
Vehicles		398,592		57,791		456,383
Infrastructure Assets		2,205,497				2,205,497
Total Noncurrent Assets		7,775,721		71,545		7,847,266
Total Assets		8,300,040		194,818		8,494,858
LIABILITIES						
Current Liabilities:						
Bank Overdrafts		25,258				25,258
Financing Obligations, Bonds,						
and Notes Payable		464,631				464,631
Total Current Liabilities		489,889				489,889
Noncurrent Liabilities:						
Financing Obligations, Bonds						
and Notes Payable		2,774,287				2,774,287
Total Noncurrent Liabilities		2,774,287		_		2,774,287
Total Liabilities		3,264,176				3,264,176
NET ASSETS						
Invested in Capital Assets,						
Net of Related Debt		4,251,840		71,545		4,323,385
Restricted For:						
Debt Service		244,297				244,297
Unrestricted		539,727		123,273		663,000
Total Net Assets	\$	5,035,864	\$	194,818	\$	5,230,682

ROCKCASTLE COUNTY STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

For The Year Ended June 30, 2007

ROCKCASTLE COUNTY STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

For The Year Ended June 30, 2007

	Progr	Program Revenues Received					
Functions/Programs Reporting Entity	Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions			
Primary Government:							
Governmental Activities:							
General Government	\$ 1,145,732	\$	\$ 745,692	\$ 138,408			
Protection to Persons and Property	1,277,471	740,477	309,650				
General Health and Sanitation	303,128						
Social Services	10,545						
Recreation and Culture	21,617						
Roads	520,264		1,419,496				
Debt Service	313,041						
Administration	522,599						
Total Governmental Activities	4,114,397	740,477	2,474,838	138,408			
Business-type Activities:							
Jail Canteen	86,152	101,522					
Total Business-type Activities	86,152	101,522					
Total Primary Government	\$ 4,200,549	\$ 841,999	\$ 2,474,838	\$ 138,408			

General Revenues:

Taxes:

Real Property Taxes Personal Property Taxes Motor Vehicle Taxes Other Taxes Excess Fees Unrestricted Investment Earnings Miscellaneous Revenues

Total General Revenues and Transfers Change in Net Assets

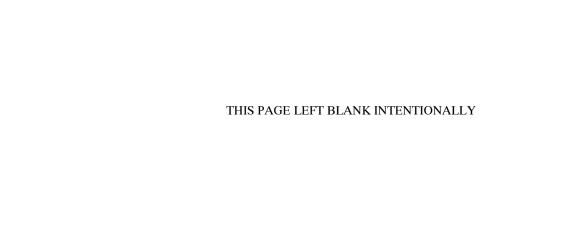
Net Assets - Beginning

Net Assets - Ending

ROCKCASTLE COUNTY STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES - MODIFIED CASH BASIS For The Year Ended June 30, 2007 (Continued)

Net (Expenses) Revenues and Changes in Net Assets

and Changes in Net Assets							
	Pr	imar	y Governme	ent			
	vernmental Activities	Totals					
\$	(261,632) (227,344) (303,128) (10,545) (21,617)	\$		\$	(261,632) (227,344) (303,128) (10,545) (21,617)		
	899,232 (313,041) (522,599) (760,674)				899,232 (313,041) (522,599) (760,674)		
_			15,370 15,370		15,370 15,370		
	(760,674)		15,370		(745,304)		
	262,667 32,418 302,450 678,744 64,010 17,227				262,667 32,418 302,450 678,744 64,010		
	17,227 172,278 1,529,794		531 531		17,227 172,809 1,530,325		
	769,120 4,266,744		15,901 178,917		785,021 4,445,661		
\$	5,035,864	\$	194,818	\$	5,230,682		



ROCKCASTLE COUNTY BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

June 30, 2007

${\bf ROCKCASTLE~COUNTY}\\ {\bf BALANCE~SHEET~-~GOVERNMENTAL~FUNDS~-~MODIFIED~CASH~BASIS}$

June 30, 2007

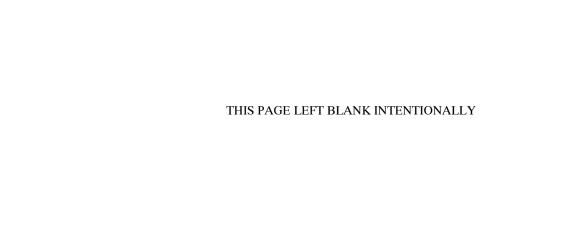
	(General Fund		Road Fund		Jail Fund		Public roperties orporation Fund
ASSETS								
Cash and Cash Equivalents Due From Other Funds	\$	94,671	\$	86,509	\$	17.250	\$	244,297
Due From Other Funds				1,843		17,359		
Total Assets	\$	94,671	\$	88,352	\$	17,359	\$	244,297
LIABILITES Bank Overdrafts Due to Other Funds Total Liabilities	\$	27,508 27,508	\$	13,010	\$	25,258	\$	
FUND BALANCES Unreserved: General Fund Special Revenue Funds Debt Service Fund		67,163		75,342		(7,899)		244,297
Total Fund Balance (Deficit)		67,163	_	75,342	_	(7,899)	_	244,297
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	94,671	\$	88,352	\$	17,359	\$	244,297

ROCKCASTLE COUNTY BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS June 30, 2007 (Continued)

Non- Major Funds	Gov	Total vernmental Funds
\$ 78,676 21,571	\$	504,153 40,773
\$ 100,247	\$	544,926
\$	\$	25,258 40,518
 		65,776
100,247		67,163 167,690 244,297
100,247		479,150
\$ 100,247	\$	544,926

Reconciliation to Statement of Changes In Net Assets:

Total Fund Balances	\$ 479,150
Amounts Reported For Governmental Activities In The Statement	
Of Net Assets Are Different Because:	
Capital Assets Used in Governmental Activities Are Not Financial Resources	
And Therefore Are Not Reported in the Funds.	9,926,301
Depreciation	(2,283,106)
Current Receivable for Western Rockcastle Waterline Project	19,911
Non-current Receivable for Western Rockcastle Waterline Project	132,526
Long-term Debt is Not Due And Payable in the Current Period And, Therefore, Is Not	
Reported in the Funds.	
Due Within One Year - Bonds, Notes, And Other Principal Payments	(464,631)
Due in More Than One Year - Bonds, Notes, And Other Principal Payments	 (2,774,287)
Net Assets Of Governmental Activities	\$ 5,035,864



ROCKCASTLE COUNTY STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

For The Year Ended June 30, 2007

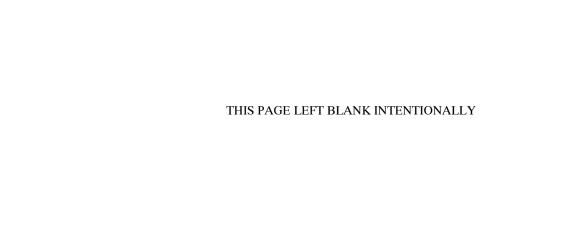
ROCKCASTLE COUNTY STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

For The Year Ended June 30, 2007

Name		General Fund	Road Fund	Jail Fund	Public Properties Corporation Fund
In Lieu Tax Payments	REVENUES				
Excess Fees 64,010 Licenses and Permits 21,168 Intergovernmental 558,941 1,653,977 777,736 Charges for Services 12,289 16,310 Miscellaneous 45,735 14,482 44,782 150,770 Interest 2,280 1,190 848 11,015 Total Revenues 1,595,659 1,669,649 839,676 161,785 EXPENDITURES Concernment 836,371 Fortection to Persons and Property 137,954 732,085 General Health and Sanitation 226,275 Social Services 10,545 Recreation and Culture 7,985 Recreation and Culture 7,985 Recreation and Culture 7,985 Administration 226,560 139,115 111,670 Total Expenditures 1,487,102 1,791,721 952,710 1,830,266 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures Before Other Financing Sources (Uses) 108,557 (122,072) (113,034) (1,668,481) Concernment 1,665,000 Transfers From Other Funds 225,335 200,000 110,124 15,368 Transfers From Other Funds (276,088) (250,335) (25,000) Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) 50,0753 (50,335) 85,124 1,680,368 Net Change in Fund Balances 57,804 (172,407) (27,910) 11,887 Fund Balances - Beginning (Restated) 9,359 247,749 20,011 232,410 10,000 10,	Taxes	\$ 871,584	\$	\$	\$
Excess Fees 64,010	In Lieu Tax Payments	19,652			
Licenses and Permits	•				
Intergovernmental 558,941 1,653,977 777,736 Charges for Services 12,289 16,310 Miscellaneous 45,735 14,482 44,782 150,770 Interest 2,280 1,190 848 11,015 Total Revenues 1,595,659 1,669,649 839,676 161,785	Licenses and Permits				
Charges for Services 12,289 16,310 Miscellaneous 45,735 14,482 44,782 150,770 Interest 2,280 1,190 848 11,015 Total Revenues 1,595,659 1,669,649 839,676 161,785 EXPENDITURES General Government 836,371 Protection to Persons and Property 137,954 732,085 General Health and Sanitation 226,275 Social Services 10,545 Recreation and Culture 7,985 Recreation and Culture 7,985 Recreation and Culture 1,454,656 Debt Service 41,412 197,950 108,955 1,830,266 Administration 226,560 139,115 111,670 111,670 1 Total Expenditures 1,487,102 1,791,721 952,710 1,830,266 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures Before Other Financing Sources (Uses) 108,557 (122,072) (113,034) (1,668,481) Other Financing Sources (Uses) 225,335 200,000 110,124 15,368	Intergovernmental		1,653,977	777,736	
Miscellaneous Interest 45,735 14,482 44,782 150,770 Interest Interest 2,280 1,190 848 11,015 Total Revenues 1,595,659 1,669,649 839,676 161,785 EXPENDITURES General Government 836,371 Protection to Persons and Property 137,954 732,085 General Health and Sanitation 226,275 Social Services 10,545 Recreation and Culture 7,985 Recreation and Culture 7,985 Recreation and Culture 1,454,656 Debt Service 41,412 197,950 108,955 1,830,266 Administration 226,560 139,115 111,670 Total Expenditures 1,487,102 1,791,721 952,710 1,830,266 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures Before Other Financing Sources (Uses) 108,557 (122,072) (113,034) (1,668,481) Other Financing Sources (Uses) 225,335 200,000 110,124 15,368 Transfers From Other Funds 225,335 200,000 110,124 15,368 T	•				
Interest 2,280 1,190 848 11,015 1,595,659 1,669,649 839,676 161,785 1,669,649 839,676 161,785 1,669,649 839,676 161,785 1,669,649 839,676 161,785 1,669,649 839,676 161,785 1,669,649 839,676 161,785 1,669,649 839,676 161,785 1,669,649 1,			14,482		150,770
Total Revenues	Interest			The state of the s	
General Government 836,371 Protection to Persons and Property 137,954 732,085 General Health and Sanitation 226,275 Social Services 10,545 Recreation and Culture 7,985 Recreation and Culture 1,454,656 Debt Service 41,412 197,950 108,955 1,830,266 Administration 226,560 139,115 111,670 1,830,266 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures 1,487,102 1,791,721 952,710 1,830,266 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures Before Other Financing Sources (Uses) 108,557 (122,072) (113,034) (1,668,481) Other Financing Sources (Uses) 225,335 200,000 110,124 15,368 Transfers To Other Funds 225,335 200,000 110,124 15,368 Transfers To Other Funds (276,088) (250,335) (25,000) Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (50,753) (50,335) 85,124 1,680,368 Net Change in Fund Balances 57,804 (172,407)	Total Revenues			839,676	
General Government 836,371 Protection to Persons and Property 137,954 732,085 General Health and Sanitation 226,275 Social Services 10,545 Recreation and Culture 7,985 Recreation and Culture 1,454,656 Debt Service 41,412 197,950 108,955 1,830,266 Administration 226,560 139,115 111,670 1,830,266 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures 1,487,102 1,791,721 952,710 1,830,266 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures Before Other Financing Sources (Uses) 108,557 (122,072) (113,034) (1,668,481) Other Financing Sources (Uses) 225,335 200,000 110,124 15,368 Transfers To Other Funds 225,335 200,000 110,124 15,368 Transfers To Other Funds (276,088) (250,335) (25,000) Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (50,753) (50,335) 85,124 1,680,368 Net Change in Fund Balances 57,804 (172,407)	EXPENDITURES				
Protection to Persons and Property 137,954 732,085 General Health and Sanitation 226,275 Social Services 10,545 Recreation and Culture 7,985 Roads 1,454,656 Debt Service 41,412 197,950 108,955 1,830,266 Administration 226,560 139,115 111,670 111,670 Total Expenditures 1,487,102 1,791,721 952,710 1,830,266 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures Before Other 108,557 (122,072) (113,034) (1,668,481) Other Financing Sources (Uses) Bond Issuance 1,665,000 110,124 15,368 Transfers From Other Funds 225,335 200,000 110,124 15,368 Transfers To Other Funds (276,088) (250,335) (25,000) Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (50,753) (50,335) 85,124 1,680,368 Net Change in Fund Balances 57,804 (172,407) (27,910) 11,887 Fund Balances - Beginning (Restated)		836.371			
General Health and Sanitation 226,275 Social Services 10,545 Recreation and Culture 7,985 Roads 1,454,656 Debt Service 41,412 197,950 108,955 1,830,266 Administration 226,560 139,115 111,670 Total Expenditures 1,487,102 1,791,721 952,710 1,830,266 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures Before Other Financing Sources (Uses) 108,557 (122,072) (113,034) (1,668,481) Other Financing Sources (Uses) Bond Issuance 1,665,000 110,124 15,368 Transfers From Other Funds 225,335 200,000 110,124 15,368 Transfers To Other Funds (276,088) (250,335) (25,000) 10,680,368 Net Change in Fund Balances 57,804 (172,407) (27,910) 11,887 Fund Balances - Beginning (Restated) 9,359 247,749 20,011 232,410				732,085	
Social Services 10,545 Recreation and Culture 7,985 Roads 1,454,656 Debt Service 41,412 197,950 108,955 1,830,266 Administration 226,560 139,115 111,670 Total Expenditures 1,487,102 1,791,721 952,710 1,830,266 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures Before Other Financing Sources (Uses) (122,072) (113,034) (1,668,481) Other Financing Sources (Uses) Bond Issuance 1,665,000 110,124 15,368 Transfers From Other Funds 225,335 200,000 110,124 15,368 Transfers To Other Funds (276,088) (250,335) (25,000) Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (50,753) (50,335) 85,124 1,680,368 Net Change in Fund Balances 57,804 (172,407) (27,910) 11,887 Fund Balances - Beginning (Restated) 9,359 247,749 20,011 232,410	1 7			, 62, 666	
Recreation and Culture 7,985 Roads 1,454,656 Debt Service 41,412 197,950 108,955 1,830,266 Administration 226,560 139,115 111,670 Total Expenditures 1,487,102 1,791,721 952,710 1,830,266 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures Before Other Financing Sources (Uses) (122,072) (113,034) (1,668,481) Other Financing Sources (Uses) Bond Issuance 1,665,000 110,124 15,368 Transfers From Other Funds 225,335 200,000 110,124 15,368 Transfers To Other Funds (276,088) (250,335) (25,000) Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (50,753) (50,335) 85,124 1,680,368 Net Change in Fund Balances 57,804 (172,407) (27,910) 11,887 Fund Balances - Beginning (Restated) 9,359 247,749 20,011 232,410					
Roads					
Debt Service 41,412 197,950 108,955 1,830,266 Administration 226,560 139,115 111,670 Total Expenditures 1,487,102 1,791,721 952,710 1,830,266 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures Before Other Expenditures Before Other (122,072) (113,034) (1,668,481) Other Financing Sources (Uses) Bond Issuance 1,665,000 110,124 15,368 Transfers From Other Funds (276,088) (250,335) (25,000) 10,124 15,368 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (50,753) (50,335) 85,124 1,680,368 Net Change in Fund Balances 57,804 (172,407) (27,910) 11,887 Fund Balances - Beginning (Restated) 9,359 247,749 20,011 232,410		,,,,,,	1.454.656		
Administration 226,560 139,115 111,670 Total Expenditures 1,487,102 1,791,721 952,710 1,830,266 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures Before Other Financing Sources (Uses) 108,557 (122,072) (113,034) (1,668,481) Other Financing Sources (Uses) Bond Issuance 1,665,000 Transfers From Other Funds 225,335 200,000 110,124 15,368 Transfers To Other Funds (276,088) (250,335) (25,000) Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (50,753) (50,335) 85,124 1,680,368 Net Change in Fund Balances 57,804 (172,407) (27,910) 11,887 Fund Balances - Beginning (Restated) 9,359 247,749 20,011 232,410		41.412		108.955	1.830.266
Total Expenditures 1,487,102 1,791,721 952,710 1,830,266 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures Before Other Financing Sources (Uses) 108,557 (122,072) (113,034) (1,668,481) Other Financing Sources (Uses) Bond Issuance 1,665,000 Transfers From Other Funds 225,335 200,000 110,124 15,368 Transfers To Other Funds (276,088) (250,335) (25,000) Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (50,753) (50,335) 85,124 1,680,368 Net Change in Fund Balances 57,804 (172,407) (27,910) 11,887 Fund Balances - Beginning (Restated) 9,359 247,749 20,011 232,410					1,020,200
Expenditures Before Other Financing Sources (Uses) 108,557 (122,072) (113,034) (1,668,481) Other Financing Sources (Uses) Bond Issuance Transfers From Other Funds 225,335 200,000 110,124 15,368 Transfers To Other Funds (276,088) (250,335) (25,000) Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) Net Change in Fund Balances 57,804 (172,407) (27,910) 11,887 Fund Balances - Beginning (Restated) 9,359 247,749 20,011 232,410					1,830,266
Bond Issuance 1,665,000 Transfers From Other Funds 225,335 200,000 110,124 15,368 Transfers To Other Funds (276,088) (250,335) (25,000) Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (50,753) (50,335) 85,124 1,680,368 Net Change in Fund Balances 57,804 (172,407) (27,910) 11,887 Fund Balances - Beginning (Restated) 9,359 247,749 20,011 232,410	Expenditures Before Other	 108,557	(122,072)	(113,034)	(1,668,481)
Bond Issuance 1,665,000 Transfers From Other Funds 225,335 200,000 110,124 15,368 Transfers To Other Funds (276,088) (250,335) (25,000) Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (50,753) (50,335) 85,124 1,680,368 Net Change in Fund Balances 57,804 (172,407) (27,910) 11,887 Fund Balances - Beginning (Restated) 9,359 247,749 20,011 232,410					
Transfers From Other Funds 225,335 200,000 110,124 15,368 Transfers To Other Funds (276,088) (250,335) (25,000) Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (50,753) (50,335) 85,124 1,680,368 Net Change in Fund Balances 57,804 (172,407) (27,910) 11,887 Fund Balances - Beginning (Restated) 9,359 247,749 20,011 232,410	_				1.667.000
Transfers To Other Funds (276,088) (250,335) (25,000) Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (50,753) (50,335) 85,124 1,680,368 Net Change in Fund Balances 57,804 (172,407) (27,910) 11,887 Fund Balances - Beginning (Restated) 9,359 247,749 20,011 232,410			• • • • • • • •		
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (50,753) (50,335) 85,124 1,680,368 Net Change in Fund Balances 57,804 (172,407) (27,910) 11,887 Fund Balances - Beginning (Restated) 9,359 247,749 20,011 232,410			,		15,368
Net Change in Fund Balances 57,804 (172,407) (27,910) 11,887 Fund Balances - Beginning (Restated) 9,359 247,749 20,011 232,410		 		 	
Fund Balances - Beginning (Restated) 9,359 247,749 20,011 232,410	Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	 (50,753)	 (50,335)	 85,124	1,680,368
Fund Balances - Beginning (Restated) 9,359 247,749 20,011 232,410	Net Change in Fund Balances	57.804	(172,407)	(27.910)	11.887
	<u> </u>		` /	` /	,
		\$	\$	\$	

ROCKCASTLE COUNTY STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS For The Year Ended June 30, 2007 (Continued)

	Non- Major Funds	Gov	Total vernmental Funds
ф	140.046	ф	1.020.620
\$	149,046	\$	1,020,630
			19,652 64,010
			21,168
	317,494		3,308,148
	317,494		28,599
	20.242		285,011
	29,242 1,894		17,227
	497,676		4,764,445
	276,759		1,113,130
	329,417		1,199,456
	76,853		303,128
			10,545
	13,632		21,617
			1,454,656
	35,211		2,213,794
	45,254		522,599
	777,126		6,838,925
	(279,450)		(2,074,480)
			1 665 000
	506		1,665,000
	596		551,423 (551,423)
	596		
	390		1,665,000
	(278,854)		(409,480)
	379,101		888,630
\$	100,247	\$	479,150

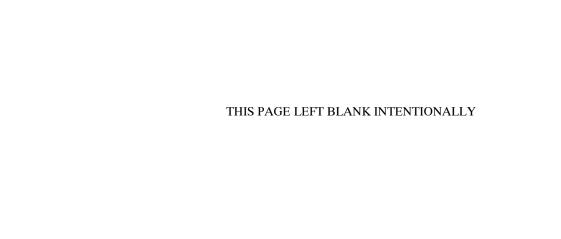


ROCKCASTLE COUNTY RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

For The Year Ended June 30, 2007

ROCKCASTLE COUNTY RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds	\$ (409,480)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of	
Activities are different because Governmental Funds report	
capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of	
Activities the cost of those assets are allocated over their	
estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense.	
Capital Outlay	1,237,440
Depreciation Expense	(275,257)
The proceeds of receipts of accounts receivable provide current financial	
resources and are reported in this fund financial statement but they are	
presented as a reduction of assets in the Statement of Net Assets.	(19,336)
The issuance of long-term debt (e.g. bonds, financing obligations) provides	
current financial resources to governmental funds, while repayment of principal	
on long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of Governmental	
Funds. These transactions, however, have no effect on net assets.	
Bond Issuance	(1,665,000)
KACO, KIA and KADD financing obligations and bond principal payments	
are recognized as expenditures of current financial resources in the fund	
financial sstatements but are reductions of liabilities in the statement of	
net assets.	 1,900,753
Change in Net Assets of Governmental Activities	\$ 769,120



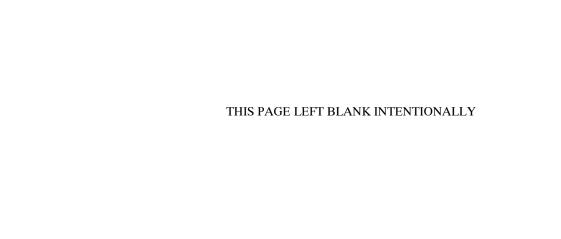
ROCKCASTLE COUNTY STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS - PROPRIETARY FUND - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

June 30, 2007

${\bf ROCKCASTLE~COUNTY}\\ {\bf STATEMENT~OF~NET~ASSETS~-PROPRIETARY~FUND~-MODIFIED~CASH~BASIS}\\$

June 30, 2007

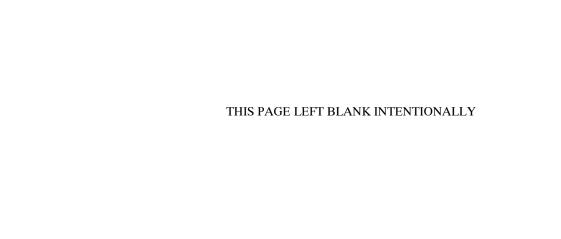
	Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Fund	Enterprise		
	Jail Canteen Fund			
Assets				
Current Assets:				
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 123,528	\$		
Total Current Assets	123,528			
Noncurrent Assets: Capital Assets: Furniture and Equipment Vehicles Less Accumulated Depreciation Total Noncurrent Assets Total Assets	21,004 102,162 (51,621) 71,545 195,073			
Liabilities				
Due to Other Funds	255			
Total Liabilities	255			
Net Assets Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt Unrestricted	71,545 123,528	•		
Total Net Assets	\$ 195,073	\$		



ROCKCASTLE COUNTY STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET ASSETS -PROPRIETARY FUND - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

ROCKCASTLE COUNTY STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET ASSETS -PROPRIETARY FUND - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

	A	Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Fund		
	(Jail Canteen		
		Fund		
Operating Revenues				
Canteen Receipts	\$	101,522		
Total Operating Revenues		101,522		
Operating Expenses				
Cost of Sales		63,153		
Educational and Recreational		2,288		
Depreciation		18,899		
Miscellaneous		1,812		
Total Operating Expenses		86,152		
Operating Income		15,370		
Nonoperating Revenues				
Interest Income		531		
Total Nonoperating Revenues		531		
Change In Net Assets		15,901		
Total Net Assets - Beginning		13,901 178,917		
Total Net Assets - Ending	\$	194,818		
10th 1 to 1	<u> </u>	17 1,010		



ROCKCASTLE COUNTY STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS - PROPRIETARY FUND - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

ROCKCASTLE COUNTY STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS - PROPRIETARY FUND - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

	A	iness-Type ctivities - nterprise Fund
		Jail Canteen Fund
Cash Flows From Operating Activities Receipts From Customers Cost of Sales Educational and Recreational Miscellaneous Net Cash Provided By	\$	101,522 (63,153) (2,288) (1,812)
Operating Activities Cash Flows From Capital and Related Financing Activities Purchases of Fixed Assets Net Cash (Used) in Capital and Related Financing Activities		34,269 (21,159) (21,159)
Cash Flows From Investing Activities Interest Earned Net Cash Provided By Investing Activities Net Increase in Cash and Cash		531
Equivalents Cash and Cash Equivalents - July 1, 2006		13,641 109,887
Cash and Cash Equivalents - June 30, 2007 Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	\$	123,528
Operating Income Adjustment to Reconcile Operating Income To Net Cash Provided By Operating Activities Depreciation Expense	\$	15,370 18,899
Net Cash Provided By Operating Activities	\$	34,269

INDEX FOR NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 1.	SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES	45
Note 2.	DEPOSITS	51
Note 3.	LONG-TERM RECEIVABLES	52
Note 4.	INTERFUND BALANCES	52
Note 5.	CAPITAL ASSETS	53
Nоте 6.	LONG-TERM DEBT	54
Note 7.	CHANGES IN LONG-TERM LIABILITIES	59
	RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS	
Note 9.	EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM	59
NOTE 10.	DEFERRED COMPENSATION	60
NOTE 11.	Insurance	60
NOTE 12.	SUBSEQUENT EVENTS	60
NOTE 13.	PRIOR PERIOD ADJUSTMENT	60
NOTE 14.	DEFICIT IN FUND BALANCE	60

ROCKCASTLE COUNTY NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2007

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

A. Basis of Presentation

Rockcastle County presents its government wide and fund financial statements utilizing a modified cash basis of accounting, which is a comprehensive basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Under this basis of accounting, assets, liabilities, and related revenues and expenditures are recorded when they result from cash transactions, with a few exceptions. This modified cash basis recognizes revenues when received and expenditures when paid. Property tax receivables, accounts payable, compensated absences, and donated assets, among other items, are not reflected in the financial statements.

Encumbrances lapse at year-end and are not reflected on the Statement of Net Assets and Statement of Activities; however, encumbrances are reflected on the Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds as part of the fund balance (Reserved for Encumbrances).

The State Local Finance Officer does not require the County to report capital assets and infrastructure; however, the value of these assets is included in the Statement of Net Assets and the corresponding depreciation expense is included on the Statement of Activities.

B. Reporting Entity

The financial statements of Rockcastle County include the funds, agencies, boards, and entities for which the fiscal court is financially accountable. Financial accountability, as defined by Section 2100 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards, as amended by GASB 14 and GASB 39, was determined on the basis of the government's ability to significantly influence operations, select the governing authority, participate in fiscal management and the scope of public service. Consequently, the reporting entity includes organizations that are legally separate from the primary government. Legally separate organizations are reported as components units if either the county is financially accountable or the organization's exclusions would cause the county's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. Component units may be blended or discretely presented. Blended component units either provide their services exclusively or almost entirely to the primary government, or their governing bodies are substantively the same as the primary government. All others component units are discretely presented.

Blended Component Unit

The following legally separate organizations provide their services exclusively to the primary government, and the fiscal court is able to impose its will on these organizations. These organizations' balances and transactions are reported as though they are part of the county's primary government using the blending method.

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

B. Reporting Entity (Continued)

Blended Component Units (Continued)

Rockcastle County Public Properties Corporation

The Fiscal Court has the authority to appoint a voting majority of the Public Properties Corporation's (PPC) Board of Directors. The Fiscal Court also has the ability to approve or modify the PPC's budget; approve or modify rate of fee changes affecting revenues; veto, overrule, or modify decisions of the Board of Directors; or otherwise impose its will on the PPC. In addition, the Fiscal Court is financially accountable for the PPC, legally entitled to the PPC's resources, and legally obligated for the PPC's debt. Financial information for the Public Properties Corporation is blended within Rockcastle County's financial statements.

C. Rockcastle County Elected Officials

Kentucky law provides for election of the officials below from the geographic area constituting Rockcastle County. Pursuant to state statute, these officials perform various services for the Commonwealth of Kentucky, its judicial courts, the fiscal court, various cities and special districts within the county, and the board of education. In exercising these responsibilities, however, they are required to comply with state laws. Audits of their financial statements are issued separately and individually and can be obtained from their respective administrative offices. These financial statements are not required to be included in the financial statements of Rockcastle County, Kentucky.

- Circuit Court Clerk
- County Attorney
- Property Valuation Administrator
- County Clerk
- County Sheriff
- Coroner

D. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net assets and the statement of activities) report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the primary government and its component units. For the most part, the effect of inter-fund activities has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on sales, fees, and charges for support. Fiduciary Funds are not included in these financial statements due to the unavailability of fiduciary funds to aid in the support of government programs.

The statement of net assets presents the reporting entity's non-fiduciary assets and liabilities, the difference between the two being reported as net assets. Net assets are reported in three categories: 1) invested in capital assets, net of related debt - consisting of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by outstanding balances for debt related to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets; 2) restricted net assets - resulting from constraints placed on net assets by creditors, grantors, contributors, and other external parties, including those constraints imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation; and 3) unrestricted net assets - those assets that do not meet the definition of restricted net assets or invested in capital assets.

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

D. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function, 2) operating grants and contributions and 3) capital grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function. Internally dedicated resources such as taxes and unrestricted state funds are reported as general revenues.

The statement of net assets and the statement of activities display information about the County as a whole. The government-wide statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. This is the same approach used in the preparation of the proprietary fund financial statements but differs from the manner in which governmental fund financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements therefore include reconciliations with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statements for governmental funds.

Funds are characterized as either major or non-major. Major funds are those whose assets, liabilities, revenues, or expenditures/expenses are at least ten percent of the corresponding total (assets, liabilities, etc.) for all funds or type (governmental or proprietary funds) and whose total assets, liabilities, revenues or expenditures/expenses are at least five percent of the corresponding total for all governmental and enterprise funds combined. The Fiscal Court may also designate any fund as a major fund.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and proprietary funds. Major individual governmental funds and major enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the financial statements.

Governmental Funds

The government reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund - This is the primary operating fund of the Fiscal Court. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except where the Department for Local Government requires a separate fund or where management requires that a separate fund be used for some function.

Road Fund - This fund is for road and bridge construction and repair. The primary source of revenue for this fund is state payments for truck license distribution, municipal road aid, and transportation grants. The Department for Local Government requires the Fiscal Court to maintain these receipts and expenditures separately from the General Fund.

Jail Fund - This fund is used to account for the jail expenses of the County. The primary sources of revenue for this fund are reimbursements from the state and federal government, from other counties for housing prisoners, and transfers from other funds. The Department for Local Government requires the Fiscal Court to maintain these receipts and expenditures separately from the General Fund.

Public Properties Corporation Fund - This fund is a legally separate entity established to provide long-term debt service requirements of the Fiscal Court.

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

D. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

Governmental Funds (Continued)

The government also has the following non-major funds: Forestry Fund, LGEA Fund, CSEPP Fund, 911 Fund, Economic Development Fund, Fairgrounds Fund, WMD Fund and LECP Fund, which are presented as Special Revenue Funds. These funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources and expenditures that are legally restricted for specific purposes.

Generally and except as otherwise provided by law, property taxes are assessed as of January 1, levied (mailed) November 1, due at discount November 30, due at face value December 31, delinquent January 1 following the assessment, and subject to lien and sale the 3rd Saturday in April following the delinquency date.

Proprietary Funds

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with proprietary funds' principal ongoing operations. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses. The principal operating revenues of the County's enterprise fund are charges to customers for sales in the Jail Canteen Fund. Operating expenses for the enterprise fund include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses and depreciation on capital assets. The government has elected not to adopt Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) Statements or Interpretations issued after November 30, 1989, unless the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) specifically adopts such FASB Statements or Interpretations.

The government reports the following major proprietary fund:

Jail Canteen Fund - The canteen operations are authorized pursuant to KRS 441.135(1), which allows the jailer to sell snacks, sodas, and other items to inmates. The profits generated from the sale of those items are to be used for the benefit or recreation of the inmates. KRS 441.135(2) requires the jailer to maintain accounting records and report annually to the county treasurer the receipts and disbursements of the Jail Canteen Fund.

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

E. Deposits and Investments

The government's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, certificates of deposit, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

KRS 66.480 authorizes the county to invest in the following, including but not limited to, obligations of the United States and of its agencies and instrumentalities, obligations and contracts for future delivery or purchase of obligations backed by the full faith and credit of the United States, obligations of any corporation of the United States government, bonds or certificates of indebtedness of this state, and certificates of deposit issued by or other interest-bearing accounts of any bank or savings and loan institution which are insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) or which are collateralized, to the extent uninsured, by any obligation permitted by KRS 41.240(4).

F. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include land, land improvements, buildings, furniture and office equipment, building improvements, machinery, equipment, and infrastructure assets (roads and bridges) that have a useful life of more than one reporting period based on the government's capitalization policy, are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities of the government-wide financial statements. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost when purchased or constructed.

Cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend the asset's life are not capitalized. Land and Construction In Progress are not depreciated. Interest incurred during construction is not capitalized. Capital assets and infrastructure are depreciated using the straight-line method of depreciation over the estimated useful life of the asset.

	Capitalization		Useful Life
	Th	reshold	(Years)
Land Improvements	\$	1,500	10-75
Buildings and Building Improvements	\$	1,000	10-60
Machinery and Equipment	\$	1,000	2-10
Vehicles	\$	1,000	10-25
Infrastructure	\$	1,000	10-60

G. Long-term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable financial statements. The principal amount of bonds, notes and financing obligations are reported.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond interest, as well as bond issuance costs when received or when paid, during the current period. The principal amount of the debt and interest are reported as expenditures. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as expenditures. Debt proceeds are reported as other financing sources.

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

H. Fund Equity

In the fund financial statements, the difference between the assets and liabilities of governmental funds is reported as fund balance. Fund balance is divided into reserved and unreserved components, with unreserved considered available for new spending. Unreserved fund balances may be divided into designated and undesignated portions. Designations represent fiscal court's intended use of the resources and should reflect actual plans approved by the fiscal court.

Governmental funds report reservations of fund balance for amounts that are legally restricted by outside parties for use for a specific purpose, long-term receivables, and encumbrances.

"Reserved for Encumbrances" are purchase orders that will be fulfilled in a subsequent fiscal period. Although the purchase order or contract creates a legal commitment, the fiscal court incurs no liability until performance has occurred on the part of the party with whom the fiscal court has entered into the arrangement. When a government intends to honor outstanding commitments in subsequent periods, such amounts are encumbered. Encumbrances lapse at year-end and are not reflected on the Statement of Net Assets and Statement of Activities; however, encumbrances are reflected on the Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds as part of the fund balance.

I. Budgetary Information

Annual budgets are adopted on a cash basis of accounting and according to the laws of Kentucky as required by the State Local Finance Officer.

The County Judge/Executive is required to submit estimated receipts and proposed expenditures to the fiscal court by May 1 of each year. The budget is prepared by fund, function, and activity and is required to be adopted by the fiscal court by July 1.

The fiscal court may change the original budget by transferring appropriations at the activity level; however, the fiscal court may not increase the total budget without approval by the State Local Finance Officer. Expenditures may not exceed budgeted appropriations at the activity level.

Formal budgets are not adopted for the Public Properties Corporation fund because bond indentures and other relevant contractual provisions require specific payments to and from this fund annually and transfers are budgeted in the other funds to comply with these requirements. In addition, a formal budget for the Jail Canteen Fund is not adopted nor is it required by the Department for Local Government.

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

J. Related Organizations, Joint Venture, and Jointly Governed Organizations

A related organization is an entity for which a primary government is not financially accountable. It does not impose will or have a financial benefit or burden relationship, even if the primary government appoints a voting majority of the related organization's governing board. Based on the criteria the following are considered related organizations of Rockcastle County Fiscal Court: the Rockcastle County Ambulance Service, the Western Rockcastle County Water Association, the Eastern Rockcastle County Water Association, and the Industrial Development Authority.

Note 2. Deposits

The County maintained deposits of public funds with depository institutions insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) as required by KRS 66.480(1)(d). According to KRS 41.240(4), the depository institution should pledge or provide sufficient collateral which, together with FDIC insurance, equals or exceeds the amount of public funds on deposit at all times. In order to be valid against the FDIC in the event of failure or insolvency of the depository institution, this pledge or provision of collateral should be evidenced by an agreement between the County and the depository institution or its loan committee, which approval must be reflected in the minutes of the board or committee, and an official record of the depository institution.

Custodial Credit Risk Deposits

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a depository institution failure, the government's deposits may not be returned. The government does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk but rather follows the requirements of KRS 41.240(4). As of June 30, 2007, all deposits were covered by FDIC insurance or a properly executed collateral security agreement.

Note 3. Long-Term Receivables

On June 1, 1994, Rockcastle County loaned Western Rockcastle County Water Association \$364,572 for the purpose of constructing a water line. The loan was for a period of 20 years at 2.95 percent interest with 40 equal semi-annual payments in the amount of \$12,131. As of June 30, 2007 records indicate that Western Rockcastle County Water Association was in substantial compliance with the terms of the loan agreement. The principal balance due at June 30, 2007 was \$152,437.

Fiscal Year Ended	Scheduled		S	Scheduled		
June 30	Interest		Principal			
2008 2009	\$	4,351	\$	19,911		
2010		3,760 3,150		20,502 21,112		
2011 2012		2,523 1,876		21,739 22,386		
2013-2014		1,737		46,787		
Totals	\$	17,397	\$	152,437		

Note 4. Interfund Balances

Due to	Due From	A	Amount		
Road Fund	General Fund	\$	1,843		
Jail Fund	General Fund		4,094		
Jail Fund	Road Fund		13,010		
Jail Fund	Jail Canteen Fund		255		
Economic Development	General Fund		21,571		

Note 5. Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2007 was as follows:

	Reporting Entity							
	Beginning						Ending	
Primary Government:		Balance	I	ncreases	Decrea	ases		Balance
Governmental Activities:								
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated:	_							
Land and Land Improvements	\$	410,000	\$				_\$	410,000
Capital Assets, Being Depreciated:								
Land Improvements		13,881						13,881
Buildings and Improvements		4,747,226						4,747,226
Furniture and Equipment		1,415,016		175,771				1,590,787
Vehicles Infrastructure		710,880		158,828				869,708
Total Capital Assets Being		1,391,858		902,841				2,294,699
Depreciated		8,278,861		1,237,440				9,516,301
Less Accumulated Depreciation For:								
Land Improvements		(1,034)		(1,155)				(2,189)
Buildings and Improvements		(758,094)		(71,848)				(829,942)
Furniture and Equipment		(782,875)		(107,782)				(890,657)
Vehicles		(413,510)		(57,606)				(471,116)
Infrastructure		(52,336)		(36,866)				(89,202)
Total Accumulated Depreciation	((2,007,849)		(275,257)				(2,283,106)
Total Capital Assets, Being		C 271 012		062 192				7 222 105
Depreciated, Net Governmental Activities Capital		6,271,012		962,183				7,233,195
Assets, Net	\$	6,681,012	\$	962,183	\$	0	\$	7,643,195
Business-Type Activities:								
•								
Capital Assets, Being Depreciated: Furniture and Equipment	\$	13,845	\$	7,159	\$		\$	21,004
Vehicles	φ	88,162	φ	14,000	φ		φ	102,162
Total Capital Assets Being		00,102		11,000				102,102
Depreciated		102,007		21,159				123,166
Less Accumulated Depreciation For:								
Furniture and Equipment		(4,510)		(2,740)				(7,250)
Vehicles		(28,212)		(16,159)				(44,371)
Total Accumulated Depreciation		(32,722)		(18,899)				(51,621)
Total Capital Assets, Being Depreciated, Net		69,285		2,260				71,545
Business-Type Activities Capital		09,203		2,200				/1,343
Assets, Net	\$	69,285	\$	2,260	\$	0	\$	71,545

Note 5. Capital Assets (Continued)

Depreciation expense was charged to functions of the primary government as follows:

Governmental Activities:	
General Government	\$ 136,775
Protection to Persons and Property	78,015
Roads, Including Depreciation of General Infrastructure Assets	 60,467
Total Depreciation Expense - Governmental Activities	\$ 275,257
Business-Type Activities Jail Canteen	\$ 18,899
Total Depreciation Expense - Business-Type Activities	\$ 18,899

Note 6. Long-term Debt

A. Public Properties First Mortgage Refunding Revenue Bonds, Series 1997

The Rockcastle County Public Properties Corporation issued obligations of \$1,830,000, dated October 1, 1997 and payable in 15 annual installments beginning March 1, 1998 and semi-annual interests payments on the first of March and September at varying rates from 4.60% to 5.90%. The bonds were issued for the purpose of refunding the Series 1991 bonds issued by Rockcastle County Public Properties Corporation. As of June 30, 2007, bonds outstanding were \$950,000. Future principal and interest requirements are:

Fiscal Year Ended June 30	F	Principal		Interest
2008	\$	125,000	\$	44,535
2009	-	130,000	-	38,350
2010		135,000		31,790
2011		145,000		24,791
2012		150,000		17,340
2013		265,000		6,758
Totals	\$	950,000	\$	163,564

Note 6. Long-term Debt (Continued)

B. General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 2007

The Rockcastle County Fiscal Court issued obligations of \$1,325,000, dated April 12, 2007 and payable in 19 annual installments beginning June 1, 2007 and semi-annual interest payments on the first of June and December at varying rates from 4.1% to 4.55%. The Fiscal Court issued the bonds for the purpose of refinancing the Kentucky Area Development Districts Financing Trust Debt, issued for the purpose of refinancing jail renovations and a fire truck for Brindle Ridge Fire Department. As of June 30, 2007, bonds outstanding were \$1,270,000. Future principal and interest requirements are:

Fiscal Year Ended June 30	P	rincipal		Interest
2008	\$	50,000	\$	55,863
2009	Ψ	50,000	Ψ	53,813
2010		55,000		51,762
2011		55,000		49,453
2012		60,000		47,142
2013-2017		330,000		195,736
2018-2022		400,000		116,396
2023-2025		270,000		24,570
Totals	\$	1,270,000	\$	594,735

C. Note Payable - KIA

On June 1, 1994, Rockcastle County borrowed \$364,572 from the Kentucky Infrastructure Authority for the purpose of constructing a water line for the Western Rockcastle Water Association. The loan was for a period of 20 years at 2.95 percent interest with 40 equal semi-annual payments in the amount of \$12,131. The principal balance due at June 30, 2007 was \$152,437.

Fiscal Year Ended June 30	P	rincipal	I	nterest
2008	\$	19,911	\$	4,351
2009		20,502		3,758
2010		21,112		3,150
2011		21,739		2,523
2012		22,386		1,877
2013-2014		46,787		1,737
Totals	\$	152,437	\$	17,396

Note 6. Long-term Debt (Continued)

D. Financing Obligation - Boiler Lease

On March 27, 2000, Rockcastle County entered into a lease agreement with the Kentucky Association of Counties Leasing Trust Program in the amount of \$28,755 to purchase a boiler. Principal and interest at variable rates is paid monthly for a period of 10 years. The principal balance due at June 30, 2007 was \$9,106. Future lease principal and interest requirements are:

Fiscal Year Ended June 30	Pı	rincipal	In	terest
2008 2009	\$	3,131 3,220	\$	395 183
2010		2,755		51
Totals	\$	9,106	\$	629

E. Financing Obligation - Building and Fire Equipment Lease

On January 23, 2003, Rockcastle County entered into a lease agreement with the Kentucky Association of Counties Leasing Trust Program in the amount of \$55,000 to purchase fire equipment. Principal and interest at a rate of 3.96 percent is paid monthly for a period of 15 years. The principal balance due at June 30, 2007 was \$43,603. Future lease principal and interest requirements are:

Fiscal Year Ended June 30	P	rincipal	I	nterest
2008	\$	3,168	\$	2,006
2009 2010		3,307 3,453		1,852 1,693
2011		3,604		1,527
2012		3,762		1,352
2013-2017		21,440		3,871
2018		4,869		134
Totals	\$	43,603	\$	12,435

F. Financing Obligation - Fire Truck Lease

On March 22, 2002, Rockcastle County entered into a lease agreement with the Kentucky Association of Counties Leasing Trust Program in the amount of \$47,500 to purchase a fire truck. Principal and interest at a variable rate is paid monthly for a period of 7 years. The principal balance due at June 30, 2007 was \$13,670. Future lease principal and interest requirements are:

Fiscal Year Ended June 30	P	rincipal	In	terest
2008 2009	\$	7,304 6,366	\$	513 126
Totals	\$	13,670	\$	639

Note 6. Long-term Debt (Continued)

G. Financing Obligation - 911 System Lease

On March 27, 2000, Rockcastle County entered into a lease agreement with the Kentucky Association of Counties Leasing Trust Program in the amount of \$179,285 to purchase a 911 system. Principal and interest at a variable rate is paid monthly for a period of 10 years. The principal balance due at June 30, 2007 was \$57,373. Future lease principal and interest requirements are:

Fiscal Year Ended June 30	P	rincipal	I1	nterest
2008	\$	19,725	\$	2,489
2009		20,292		1,152
2010		17,356		325
Totals	\$	57,373	\$	3,966

H. Financial Obligation - Bridge Construction Lease

On April 24, 2002, Rockcastle County entered into a lease agreement with the Kentucky Association of Counties Leasing Trust Program in the amount of \$480,000 bridge construction. Principal and interest at a variable rate is paid monthly for a period of 7 years. The principal balance due at June 30, 2007 was \$144,226. Future lease principal and interest requirements are:

Fiscal Year Ended June 30	F	rincipal	Intere	est & Fees
2008 2009	\$	73,555 70,671	\$	5,474 1,499
Totals	\$	144,226	\$	6,973

I. Financing Obligation - Industrial Development Authority Lease

In January 2006, Rockcastle County began making payments on a lease agreement between the Industrial Development Authority and Kentucky Association of Counties Leasing Trust. Principal and interest at a rate of 2.75 percent is paid monthly. The lease matures on April 20, 2013. The principal balance due at June 30, 2007 was \$62,832. Future lease principal and interest requirements are:

Fiscal Year Ended June 30	P	rincipal	I1	nterest
2008	\$	9,535	\$	2,910
2009		10,015		2,432
2010		10,518		1,931
2011		11,047		1,405
2012		11,603		854
2013		10,114		270
Totals	\$	62,832	\$	9,802

Note 6. Long-term Debt (Continued)

J. Financing Obligation - Road and Bridge Improvements Lease

On November 19, 1998, Rockcastle County entered into a lease agreement with the Kentucky Area Development Districts Financing Trust in the amount of \$755,000 to make certain road and bridge improvements and to pay in full certain outstanding indebtedness which had also been used to make necessary road improvements. Principal is paid annually and interest, at a variable rate, is paid semi-annually for a period of 10 years. The principal balance due at June 30, 2007 was \$185,000. Future lease principal and interest requirements are:

Fiscal Year Ended June 30	F	rincipal	I1	nterest
2008 2009	\$	90,000 95,000	\$	7,350 2,494
Totals	\$	185,000	\$	9,844

K. Financing Obligation - 911 Dictaphone Lease

In January 1998, Rockcastle County entered into a lease agreement with Fleetwood Financial in the amount of \$17,849 to purchase a dictaphone for 911. Principal and interest at a rate of 7.5 percent is paid annually for a period of 4 years. The principal balance due at June 30, 2007 was \$10,671. Future lease principal and interest requirements are:

Fiscal Year Ended June 30	P	rincipal	I:	nterest
2008	\$	3,302	\$	805
2009		3,551		556
2010		3,818		288
Totals	\$	10,671	\$	1,649

L. Financing Obligations - KADD Lease

On June 1, 2007, Rockcastle County entered into a lease agreement with the Kentucky Area Development Districts Financing Trust in the amount of \$340,000 to pay a short-term note at Citizens Bank and to purchase an ambulance for the Ambulance Service. Principal is paid annually and interest, at a rate of 4.25 percent, is paid semi-annually for a period of 5 years. The principal balance due at June 30, 2007 was \$340,000. Future lease principal and interest requirements are:

Fiscal Year Ended June 30	F	Principal	I	nterest
2008	\$	60,000	\$	14,330
2009		65,000		11,900
2010		70,000		9,137
2011		70,000		6,163
2012		75,000		3,187
Totals	\$	340,000	\$	44,717

Note 7. Changes in Long-term Liabilities

Long-term liability activity for the year ended June 30, 2007, was as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Additions	Reductions	Ending Balance	Due Within One Year
Primary Government: Governmental Activities:					
Bonds Financing Obligations	\$ 1,236,773 1,918,898	\$ 1,325,000 340,000	\$ 189,336 1,392,417	\$ 2,372,437 866,481	\$ 194,911 269,720
Governmental Activities Long-term Liabilities	\$ 3,155,671	\$ 1,665,000	\$ 1,581,753	\$ 3,238,918	\$ 464,631

Note 8. Related Party Transactions

The Rockcastle County Fiscal Court conducted business with Broadhead Farm Equipment, which is owned by Magistrate Bill McKinney's brother. The County purchased equipment and parts from Broadhead Farm Equipment for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2007. In addition, the Fiscal Court paid the County Treasurer's accounting firm to perform payroll and other services for the County. These transactions are considered to be related party transactions.

Note 9. Employee Retirement System

The County has elected to participate in the County Employees Retirement System (CERS), pursuant to KRS 78.530 administered by the Board of Trustees of the Kentucky Retirement Systems. This is a cost sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan, which covers all eligible full-time employees and provides for retirement, disability, and death benefits to plan members. Benefit contributions and provisions are established by statute. Non-hazardous covered employees are required to contribute 5 percent of their salary to the plan. The County's contribution rate for non-hazardous employees was 13.19 percent. Hazardous covered employees are required to contribute 8 percent of their salary to the plan. The County's contribution rate for hazardous employees was 28.21 percent.

Benefits fully vest on reaching five years of service for non-hazardous employees. Aspects of benefits for non-hazardous employees include retirement after 27 years of service or age 65. Aspects of benefits for hazardous employees include retirement after 20 years of service or age 55.

Historical trend information showing the CERS' progress in accumulating sufficient assets to pay benefits when due is presented in the Kentucky Retirement Systems' annual financial report. This report may be obtained by writing the Kentucky Retirement System, 1260 Louisville Road, Frankfort, Kentucky 40601-6124, or by telephone at (502) 564-4646.

The County's required contributions for pension obligations to CERS for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2007 were \$221,405; 100% has been contributed for fiscal year 2007.

Note 10. Deferred Compensation

Rockcastle Country Fiscal Court voted to allow all eligible employees to participate in deferred compensation plans administered by The Kentucky Public Employees' Deferred Compensation Authority. The Kentucky Public Employees' Deferred Compensation Authority is authorized under KRS 18A.230 to 18A.275 to provide administration of tax sheltered supplemental retirement plans for all state, public school and university employees and employees of local political subdivisions that have elected to participate. These deferred compensation plans permit all full time employees to defer a portion of their salary until future years. The deferred compensation is not available to employees until termination, retirement, death, or unforeseeable emergency. Participation by eligible employees in the deferred compensation plans is voluntary.

Historical trend information showing The Kentucky Public Employees' Deferred Compensation Authority's progress in accumulating sufficient assets to pay benefits when due is presented in The Kentucky Public Employees' Deferred Compensation Authority's annual financial report. This report may be obtained by writing the Kentucky Public Employees' Deferred Compensation Authority, 105 Sea Hero Road, Suite 1, Frankfort, KY 40601-8862, or by telephone at 502-573-7925.

Note 11. Insurance

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2007, Rockcastle County was a member of the Kentucky Association of Counties' All Lines Fund (KALF). KALF is a self insurance fund and was organized to obtain lower cost coverage for general liability, property damage, public officials' errors and omissions, public liability, and other damages. The basic nature of a self-insurance program is that of a collectively shared risk by its members. If losses incurred for covered claims exceed the resources contributed by the member, the members are responsible for the payment of the excess losses,

Note 12. Subsequent Events

The County experienced a budget shortfall for the year ended June 30, 2008. The County enacted a 1 ½% occupational tax beginning July 1, 2008.

Note 13. Prior Period Adjustment

Beginning fund balance for the general fund has been restated due to notes receivable related to debt recorded in the prior year.

Beginning fund balance for the general fund reconciles to the previously reported fund balance at June 30, 2006, as follows:

Fund balance as previously reported	\$ 181,133
Note receivable	 (171,774)
Restated Fund Balance - June 30, 2006	\$ 9,359

Note 14. Deficit Fund Balance - Jail Fund

The Rockcastle County Fiscal Court ended the fiscal year ended June 30, 2007 with a deficit balance of \$7,899 in the Jail Fund.

ROCKCASTLE COUNTY BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULES Required Supplementary Information - Modified Cash Basis

ROCKCASTLE COUNTY BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULES Required Supplementary Information - Modified Cash Basis

GENERAL :	FUND
-----------	------

	GENEKAL FUND								
		Budgeted Amounts Original Final				Actual Amounts, (Budgetary Basis)		Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
REVENUES									
Taxes	\$	842,727	\$	880,584	\$	871,584	\$	(9,000)	
In Lieu Tax Payments		18,700		18,700		19,652		952	
Excess Fees		3,200		59,723		64,010		4,287	
Licenses and Permits		10,800		21,189		21,168		(21)	
Intergovernmental Revenue		291,690		762,855		558,941		(203,914)	
Charges for Services		14,500		14,985		12,289		(2,696)	
Miscellaneous		3,300		34,315		45,735		11,420	
Interest		6,800		7,841		2,280		(5,561)	
Total Revenues		1,191,717		1,800,192		1,595,659		(204,533)	
EXPENDITURES									
General Government		658,267		879,140		836,371		42,769	
Protection to Persons and Property		92,995		145,995		137,954		8,041	
General Health and Sanitation		198,670		263,267		226,275		36,992	
Social Services		6,000		16,100		10,545		5,555	
Recreation and Culture		16,000		16,150		7,985		8,165	
Debt Service		58,685		61,151		41,412		19,739	
Administration		186,100		480,256		226,560		253,696	
Total Expenditures		1,216,717		1,862,059		1,487,102		374,957	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures Before Other									
Financing Sources (Uses)		(25,000)		(61,867)		108,557		170,424	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Financing Obligation Proceeds									
Transfers To Other Funds						(50,753)		(50,753)	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		0		0		(50,753)		(50,753)	
Net Changes in Fund Balance		(25,000)		(61,867)		57,804		119,671	
Fund Balance - Beginning		25,000		61,867		9,359		(52,508)	
Fund Balance - Ending	\$	0	\$	0	\$	67,163	\$	67,163	

ROCKCASTLE COUNTY BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULES Required Supplementary Information - Modified Cash Basis For The Year Ended June 30, 2007 (Continued)

	ROAD FUND							
	Budgeted Amounts			Actual Amounts, (Budgetary		Variance with Final Budget Positive		
		Original	1 1111	Final	Basis)		(Negative)	
REVENUES		3 1 <u>5</u> 1 1 5				2452)	(-	(Saul ()
Intergovernmental Revenue	\$	993,290	\$	1,622,198	\$	1,653,977	\$	31,779
Miscellaneous		1,000		13,890		14,482		592
Interest				1,250		1,190		(60)
Total Revenues		994,290		1,637,338		1,669,649		32,311
EXPENDITURES								
Roads		671,800		1,529,547		1,454,656		74,891
Debt Service		215,070		200,071		197,950		2,121
Administration		157,420		166,636		139,115		27,521
Total Expenditures		1,044,290		1,896,254		1,791,721		104,533
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over								
Expenditures Before Other								
Financing Sources (Uses)		(50,000)		(258,916)		(122,072)		136,844
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers to Other Funds						(50,335)		(50,335)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)						(50,335)		(50,335)
Net Changes in Fund Balance		(50,000)		(258,916)		(172,407)		86,509
Fund Balance - Beginning		50,000		258,916		247,749		(11,167)
Fund Balance - Ending	\$	0	\$	0	\$	75,342	\$	75,342

ROCKCASTLE COUNTY BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULES Required Supplementary Information - Modified Cash Basis For The Year Ended June 30, 2007 (Continued)

	JAIL FUND								
			Budgeted Amounts Original Final		Actual Amounts, (Budgetary Basis)		Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
REVENUES		Originar		T HIGH		Dusis		vegative)	
Intergovernmental Revenue	\$	840,774	\$	859,972	\$	777,736	\$	(82,236)	
Charges for Services		16,000		20,385		16,310		(4,075)	
Miscellaneous		25,200		46,703		44,782		(1,921)	
Interest		1,000		1,000		848		(152)	
Total Revenues		882,974		928,060		839,676		(88,384)	
EXPENDITURES									
Protection to Persons and Property		661,283		729,286		732,085		(2,799)	
Debt Service		102,240		108,955		108,955		(, ,	
Administration		129,451		113,836		111,670		2,166	
Total Expenditures		892,974		952,077		952,710		(633)	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures Before Other									
Financing Sources (Uses)		(10,000)		(24,017)		(113,034)		(89,017)	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)									
Transfers From Other Funds						85,124		(85,124)	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)						85,124		(85,124)	
Net Changes in Fund Balance		(10,000)		(24,017)		(27,910)		(3,893)	
Fund Balance - Beginning		10,000		24,017		20,011		(4,006)	
Fund Balance - Ending	\$	0	\$	0	\$	(7,899)	\$	(7,899)	

ROCKCASTLE COUNTY NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

June 30, 2007

Budgetary Information

Annual budgets are adopted on a cash basis of accounting and according to the laws of Kentucky as required by the State Local Finance Officer.

The County Judge/Executive is required to submit estimated receipts and proposed expenditures to the fiscal court by May 1 of each year. The budget is prepared by fund, function, and activity and is required to be adopted by the fiscal court by July 1.

The fiscal court may change the original budget by transferring appropriations at the activity level; however, the fiscal court may not increase the total budget without approval by the State Local Finance Officer. Expenditures may not exceed budgeted appropriations at the activity level.

ROCKCASTLE COUNTY COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS Other Supplementary Information

June 30, 2007

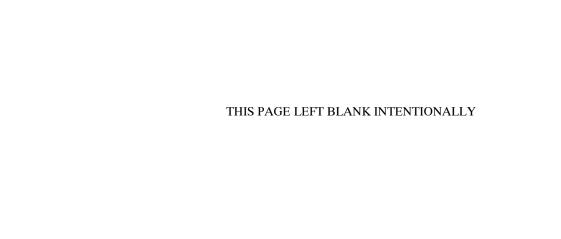
ROCKCASTLE COUNTY COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS Other Supplementary Information

June 30, 2007

					Ec	conomic			
]	LGEA	Fo	restry	Dev	e lopme nt	911	(CSEPP
		Fund	F	und		Fund	Fund		Fund
ASSETS									
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	42,767	\$	543	\$	3,116	\$ 10,434	\$	10,954
Due From Other Funds						21,571			
Total Assets	\$	42,767	\$	543	\$	24,687	\$ 10,434	\$	10,954
FUND BALANCES Unreserved:									
Special Revenue Funds	\$	42,767	\$	543	\$	24,687	\$ 10,434	\$	10,954
Total Fund Balances	\$	42,767	\$	543	\$	24,687	\$ 10,434	\$	10,954

ROCKCASTLE COUNTY
COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS
Other Supplementary Information
June 30, 2007
(Continued)

WM D Fund				rgrounds Fund	Total Non-Major Governmental Funds		
\$	1,665	\$	1,964	\$ 7,233	\$	78,676 21,571	
\$	1,665	\$	1,964	\$ 7,233	\$	100,247	
\$	1,665	\$	1,964	\$ 7,233	\$	100,247	
\$	1,665	\$	1,964	\$ 7,233	\$	100,247	



ROCKCASTLE COUNTY COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS Other Supplementary Information

For The Year Ended June 30, 2007

ROCKCASTLE COUNTY

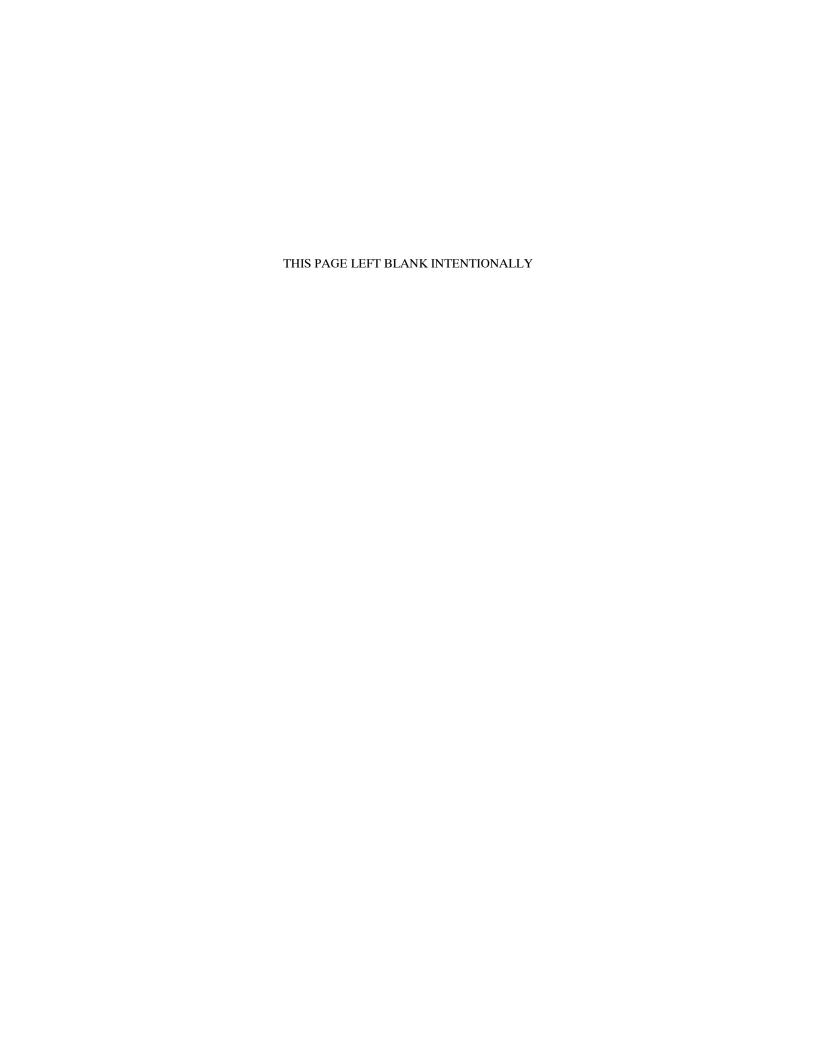
COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS Other Supplementary Information

For The Year Ended June 30, 2007

	 LGEA Fund	F	orestry Fund	Conomic velopment Fund	911 Fund
REVENUES					
Taxes	\$	\$		\$	\$ 149,046
Intergovernmental	217,803		1,593		
Miscellaneous	519			3,063	11,828
Interest	 1,294		22	497	81
Total Revenues	219,616		1,615	3,560	 160,955
EXPENDITURES					
General Government	26,238			250,521	
Protection to Persons and Property	109,547		2,596		133,518
General Health and Sanitation	76,853				
Recreation and Culture					
Debt Service	13,222			12,439	9,550
Administration	 17,810			52	14,246
Total Expenditures	243,670		2,596	 263,012	 157,314
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures Before Transfers and Financing Sources (Uses)	(24,054)		(981)	(259,452)	3,641
r mancing sources (Oses)	 (24,034)		(901)	 (239,432)	 3,041
Other Financing Sources					
Transfers From Other Funds	 		596		
Total Other Financing Sources	 		596	 	
Net Change in Fund Balances	(24,054)		(385)	(259,452)	3,641
Fund Balances - Beginning	 66,821		928	284,139	6,793
Fund Balances - Ending	\$ 42,767	\$	543	\$ 24,687	\$ 10,434

ROCKCASTLE COUNTY COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS Other Supplementary Information For The Year Ended June 30, 2007 (Continued)

CSEPP Fund		WM D Fund			LECP Fund		Fairgrounds Fund		Total Non-Major Governmental Funds		
\$		\$		\$		\$		\$	149,046		
Ф	98,098	Ф		Ф		Ф		Ф	317,494		
	90,090				740		13,092		29,242		
					740		13,092		1,894		
	98,098				740		13,092		497,676		
									·		
									276,759		
	83,756								329,417		
									76,853		
							13,632		13,632		
									35,211		
	13,146								45,254		
	96,902						13,632		777,126		
	1,196	-			740		(540)		(279,450)		
									596		
		· ·							596		
		•									
	1,196				740		(540)		(278,854)		
	9,758		1,665		1,224		7,773		379,101		
\$	10,954	\$	1,665	\$	1,964	\$	7,233	\$	100,247		



REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS



CRIT LUALLEN AUDITOR OF PUBLIC ACCOUNTS

The Honorable George (Buzz) Carloftis, Rockcastle County Judge/Executive Members of the Rockcastle County Fiscal Court

Report On Internal Control Over Financial Reporting And On Compliance And Other Matters Based On An Audit Of Financial Statements Performed In Accordance With Government Auditing Standards

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Rockcastle County, Kentucky, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2007, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated October 28, 2008. Rockcastle County presents its financial statements on the modified cash basis of accounting, which is a comprehensive basis of accounting other than generally accepted accounting principles. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered Rockcastle County's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Rockcastle County Fiscal Court's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Rockcastle County Fiscal Court's internal control over financial reporting.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. However, as discussed below, we identified certain deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be significant deficiencies.

A control deficiency exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affect Rockcastle County Fiscal Court's ability to initiate, authorize, record, process, or report financial data reliably in accordance with the modified cash basis of accounting such that there is more than a remote likelihood that a misstatement of Rockcastle County Fiscal Court's financial statements that is more than inconsequential will not be prevented or detected by Rockcastle County Fiscal Court's internal control. We consider the deficiencies included in the accompanying comments and recommendations as items 2007-01, 2007-02 and 2007-03 to be significant deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting.



Report On Internal Control Over Financial Reporting And On Compliance And Other Matters Based On An Audit Of Financial Statements Performed In Accordance With Government Auditing Standards (Continued)

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting (Continued)

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies, that results in more than a remote likelihood that a material misstatement of the financial statements will not be prevented or detected by Rockcastle County Fiscal Court's internal control. Our consideration of the internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in the internal control that might be significant deficiencies and, accordingly, would not necessarily disclose all significant deficiencies that are also considered to be material weaknesses. However, we do not believe the significant deficiencies described above are material weaknesses.

Compliance And Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Rockcastle County's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under <u>Government Auditing Standards</u> and which are included in the accompanying comments and recommendations as items 2007-04, 2007-05 and 2007-06.

Rockcastle County Fiscal Courts' responses to the findings identified in our audit are described in the accompanying comments and recommendations. We did not audit Rockcastle County Fiscal Courts' responses and accordingly, we express no opinion on them.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of management and the Kentucky Department for Local Government, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Respectfully submitted,

Crit Luallen

Auditor of Public Accounts

October 28, 2008

ROCKCASTLE COUNTY COMMENTS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

For The Year Ended June 30, 2007

ROCKCASTLE COUNTY COMMENTS AND RECOMMENDATIONS For the Year Ended June 30, 2007

INTERNAL CONTROL - SIGNIFICANT DEFICIENCIES:

2007-01 The County Lacks Adequate Segregation of Duties

The Rockcastle County Fiscal Court lacks adequate segregation of duties. We recommend that a qualified office employee, independent of check writing and posting duties, match purchase orders to checks and invoices. Having this person initial the purchase orders and invoices and by making sure these invoices are marked paid can be shown as evidence of segregation of duties. Also, we recommend that the person opening the mail keep a listing of all checks received for that day, detailing the date received, the check amount, whom it is from, and the purpose of the check. This will help segregate the duties of the treasurer. To have better internal controls, the best practice is to keep the receipt of cash, the disbursement of cash, and the posting of cash to the ledgers delegated to separate individuals.

Management's Response: Due to budget constraints, segregation of duties is not possible at this time.

2007-02 The County Should Promptly Mail All Checks When Issued

As of June 30, 2007, \$11,335 of Jail Fund checks were issued and not mailed. We recommend that checks not be issued until funds are available. This would eliminate the need for holding checks.

Management's Response: This has been corrected.

2007-03 The County Should Maintain Minimum Balance In Their Payroll Account

The County's reconciled balance in the payroll account as of June 30, 2007 was \$47,588. The payroll account is a revolving account and should not at any given time have more than a minimum balance after reconciling items are taken into consideration. Payroll liabilities due from this account amounted to \$31,725, resulting in a surplus of \$15,863. We recommend the surplus be transferred to the General Fund.

Managements Response: County agrees with this finding, however the excess funds corrected itself in the subsequent year, and as of June 30, 2008, there were not any excess funds.

STATE LAWS AND REGULATIONS:

2007-04 The County Should Pay Invoices Within 30 Working Days

During the course of our audit, we found numerous invoices that were not paid in a timely manner. KRS 65.140 states that all bills for goods or services shall be paid within thirty (30) working days of receipt of vendor's invoice except that when payment is delayed because the purchaser has made a written disapproval of improper invoicing by the vendor or by the vendor's subcontractor. We recommend the county comply with KRS 65.140 by paying invoices within thirty (30) working days.

Management's Response: This has been corrected.

ROCKCASTLE COUNTY COMMENTS AND RECOMMENDATIONS For the Year Ended June 30, 2007 (Continued)

STATE LAWS AND REGULATIONS: (Continued)

2007-05 The County Should Properly Account for Encumbrances

The county did not properly account for encumbrances as required by the Department for Local Government. The county did not include encumbrances on the face of the Fourth Quarter Treasurer's Report. We recommend that the county properly maintain encumbrances as required by the Department for Local Government. The "Instructional Guide for County Budget Preparation & State Local Finance Officer Policy Manual" states, "Enter the total dollar amount of unpaid purchase orders from the purchase order journal." We recommend the county maintain a purchase order journal in the future and use the amounts from the journal as the encumbrances listed on the quarterly report.

Management's Response: This has been corrected in future years.

2007-06 The County Should Budget for All Expenditures

According to KRS 68.300 expenditures should not exceed amounts budgeted. As of June 30, 2007, Jail Fund expenditures exceeded amounts budgeted by \$633. We recommend that procedures be established to ensure that expenditures do not exceed amounts budgeted.

Management's Response: Due to the timing of the receipt of revenue, we did not have enough time to get a budget amendment. We will try to correct this in the future.

CERTIFICATION OF COMPLIANCE -LOCAL GOVERNMENT ECONOMIC ASSISTANCE PROGRAM

ROCKCASTLE COUNTY FISCAL COURT

For The Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2007

ROCKCASTLE COUNTY CERTIFICATION OF COMPLIANCE LOCAL GOVERNMENT ECONOMIC ASSISTANCE AND DEVELOPMENT PROGRAMS For The Year Ended June 30, 2007

The Rockcastle County Fiscal Court hereby certifies that assistance received from the Local Government Economic Development Program and Local Government Economic Assistance Program was expended for the purpose intended as dictated by the applicable Kentucky Revised Statutes.

Name

County Judge/Executive

Mame

County Treasurer